

Vitamin D Receptor Rabbit mAb[YU7C]

Cat NO. :A91577

Information:

Applications	Reactivity:	UniProt ID:	MW(kDa)	Host	Isotype	Size
WB,IHC	H,M,R	P11473	48	Rabbit	IgG	100ul,200ul

Applications detail:

Application

WB

1:1000-2000

IHC

1:100

The optimal dilutions should be determined by the end user

Conjugate:

UnConjugate

Form:

Liquid

sensitivity:

Endogenous

Purification:

Protein A purification

Specificity:

 $Antibody \ is \ produced \ by \ immunizing \ animals \ with \ a \ synthetic \ peptide \ at \ the \ sequence \ of \ human \ Vitamin \ D \ Receptor.$

Storage buffer and conditions:

Antibody store in 10 mM PBS, 0.5mg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol (buffer) .

Shipped at 4°C. Store at-20°C or -80°C.

 $\label{products} \textbf{Products are valid for one natural year of receipt.} \textbf{Avoid repeated freeze} \ \textit{I} \ \textbf{thaw cycles}.$

Tissue specificity:

Subcellular location:

Nucleus. Cytoplasm.

Function:

Nuclear receptor for calcitriol, the active form of vitamin D3 which mediates the action of this vitamin on cells (PubMed:28698609, PubMed:16913708, PubMed:15728261, PubMed:10678179). Enters the nucleus upon vitamin D3 binding where it forms heterodimers with the retinoid X receptor/RXR (PubMed:28698609). The VDR-RXR heterodimers bind to specific response elements on DNA and activate the transcription of vitamin D3-responsive target genes (PubMed:28698609). Plays a central role in calcium homeostasis (By similarity)...

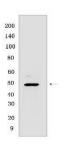
Introduction: WB: Western Blot IP: Immunoprecipitation IHC: Immunohistochemistry ChIP: Chromatin Immunoprecipitation ICC/IF: Immunocytochemistry/
Immunofluorescence F: Flow Cytometry

Cross Reactivity: H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus MI: mink C: chicken Dm D. melanogaster X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Hr: horse



Validation Data:

Vitamin D Receptor Rabbit mAb[YU7C] Images



Western blot (SDS PAGE) analysis of extracts from U937 cell lysate lysates. Using Vitamin D Receptor Rabbit mAb lgG [YU7C] at dilution of 1:1000 incubated at 4° C over

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